

III Semester B.A./B.Sc. Examination, Nov./Dec. 2017 (NS) (2012-13 and Onwards) (Repeaters – Prior to 2015-16) MATHEMATICS – III

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 10

(15×2=3

Instruction: Answer all questions.

- I. Answer any fifteen questions:
 - 1) Define normal subgroup.
 - 2) Show that every quotient for of an abelian group is abelian.
 - 3) If $f: G \to G'$ be a homomorphism from the group (G, \bullet) into a group (G', *) then prove that $f(a^{-1}) = [f(a)]^{-1} \ \forall \ a \in G$.

4) If
$$f = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
 and $g = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ find $f^{-1} \circ g$.

- 5) What is linear programming problem?
- 6) Solve 3x + 2y > 6 graphically, $x \ge 0$, $y \ge 0$.
- 7) Using North West corner method determine an initial basic solution of the following transportation problem.

following transp	1.	2	3	Available
Δ	15	26	13	340
В	3	7	8	100
C	9	4	3	110
Requirement	80	150	320	

- 8) Define convergent and divergent sequences.
- 9) Test the convergence of the sequence $\sqrt{n+1} \sqrt{n}$.
- 10) Show that $\left\{\frac{n}{n+1}\right\}$ is a Cauchy sequence.
- 11) Prove that the sequence $\{x_n\}$ whose n^{th} term is $\frac{n+3}{n+4}$ is monotonic increasing

- that $\lim_{n\to\infty} 1 = 0$



- 13) Define Geometric series.
- 14) Test the convergence of the series $\Sigma \sin\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)$.
- 15) Test the convergence of the series $\sum \frac{n^2}{n!}$.
- 16) Sum to infinity of the series $1 + \frac{x}{3} + \frac{x^2}{5} + \frac{x^3}{7} + \dots$
- 17) Write the Geometrical interpretation of Rolle's theorem.
- 18) Prove that the function $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{|x|}{x} & \text{for } x > 0 \\ 1 & \text{for } x = 0 \end{cases}$ is discontinuous at x = 0.
- 19) Expand cosx by Maclaurin's expansion.
- 20) Evaluate $\lim_{x\to 0} \left(\frac{x-\sin x}{x^3} \right)$.

II. Answer any two questions:

(2×5=10)

- 1) Prove that a subgroup H of a group G is normal if and only if $gHg^{-1} = H \ \forall g \in G$.
- 2) Prove that the centre Z of a group G is a normal subgroup of G.
- 3) If $f: G \to G'$ is a homomorphism from the group G into the group G' with Kernel K, then prove that f is one-one if and only if $K = \{e\}$.
- 4) State and prove Cayley's theorem.

III. Answer any three questions:

(3×5=15)

- 1) Find all the basic solutions of the system of equation x + 2y + z = 4 and 2x + y + 5z = 5.
- 2) Solve the following L.P.P. graphically Minimize, z = -x + 2y

Subject to constraints
$$-x + 3y \le 10$$

$$x + y \le 6$$

$$x-y \leq 2$$

and v < 0 v <

 $(2 \times 5 = 10)$



3) Solve the following L.P.P. by Simplex method

Maximize,
$$z = 4x + 3y$$

Subject to constraints $3x + y \le 15$ $3x + 4y \le 24$

and
$$x, y, \ge 0$$
.

 Obtain an initial basic solution to the following transportation problem using Vogel's method.

Voger 5 Tric	D_1	D ₂	D_3	D ₄	Supply
S ₁	19	30	8	10	7
S ₂	70	30	40	60	9
S ₃	40	8	70	20	V 18
Demand	5	8	7	14	

IV. Answer any two questions:

- 1) Prove that a monotonic increasing sequence bounded above is convergent.
- 2) Discuss the nature of the sequence $\{n^{\frac{1}{n}}\}$.
- 3) Show that the sequence $\{x_n\}$ where $x_1 = 1$ and $x_n = \sqrt{2 + x_{n-1}} \quad \forall \, n > 1$, is convergent and converges to 2.

V. Answer any four questions:

- 1) Prove that P-series $\sum \frac{1}{n^p}$ is
 - i) Convergent if P > 1 and
- ii) Divergent if $P \le 1$.
- 2) State and prove Raabe's test.
- 3) Test the convergence of the series $\frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{23} + \frac{1}{34} + \dots$
- 4) Discuss the convergence of the series $1 + 2^2 \cdot x + 3^2 \cdot x^2 + 4^2 \cdot x^3 + \dots$
- 5) Sum to infinity the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{n^2 + n + 1}{n!} \right) x^n$.
 - $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{1}{1}$

VI. Answer any three questions:

(3×5=15

1) Examine the differentiability of f(x) defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 - 1 & \text{for } x \ge 1 \\ 1 - x & \text{for } x < 1 \end{cases} \text{ at } x = 1.$$

- 2) State and prove Rolle's theorem.
- 3) Verify Lagrange's mean value theorem for f(x) = (x-1)(x-2)(x-3) in [0,4].
- 4) Expand the function $log_e(1 + x)$ upto the term containing x^4 by Maclaurin's expansion.
- 5) Evaluate $\lim_{x\to 0} \left(\frac{1}{x^2} \cot^2 x\right)$